PART 1 SUMMARY AND EXPLANATION

Part 1 - Constitution - summary and explanation

1. General

- 1.1. The Council's Constitution sets out rules and procedures which explain how Council business is done and how decisions are made. This introduction should help you find what you are looking for in the Constitution.
- 1.2. Some of the processes in the Constitution are required by law while others are considered by the Council to be necessary to ensure that it operates effectively and efficiently; and in the interests of the people it serves.

2. The Constitution and its Content

2.1. The Constitution is divided into six seven parts.

Part 1 sets out an explanation of what the Council is and how it works.

Part 2 sets out the formal articles of the Constitution:

Article 1	The Constitution;
Article 2	Councillors;
Article 3	Rights and Responsibilities of Members of the public;
Article 4	The Full Council;
Article 5	The Role of the Chairman<u>Chair</u> of the Council;
Article 6	Overview and Scrutiny;
Article 7	The Leader of the Council and the Cabinet;
Article 8	Other Committees;
Article 9	Joint Arrangements;
Article 10	Arrangements for promoting good standards of behaviour
	by Councillors;
Article 11	Officers;
Article 12	Decision Making;
Article 13	Legal Matters;
Article 14	Review, Revision, Suspension, Interpretation and
	Publication of the Constitution; and
Article 15	Covid-19 Response Period Decision-Making
	Arrangements.

Part 3 sets out the responsibility of bodies and individuals for various functions carried out by the Council in relation to the exercise of its powers.

Part 4 contains the Rules of Procedure (including the Financial Regulations) which are designed to regulate the conduct of the Council's business to ensure decisions are made in accordance with the law and the wishes of the Council.

Part 5 contains the Financial Regulations which provide the governance framework for managing the Council's financial affairs.

Part <u>65</u> includes the Code of Conduct for Councillors which is designed to ensure that Councillors carry out their duties to the highest ethical standards. It also includes a protocol on Member/Officer Relations.

Part <u>76</u> covers the Scheme of Councillors' Allowances.

3. The Council and how it operates in making decisions

- 3.1. The Council is composed of 76 Councillors elected every 4 years. Councillors are democratically accountable to the residents of their Ward. Councillors have a responsibility to the whole community, but in particular, to their ward residents, including those who did not vote for them.
- 3.2. The Council employs staff (Officers) whose job is to assist and advise Councillors and provide the services of the Council.
- 3.3. All Councillors meet together as a Full Council, approximately six times per year. Meetings of the Council are normally open to the public. Full Council is responsible for approving certain specific key policies for the Council and setting the budget and Council Tax each year.

The Cabinet

- 3.4. Every 4 years the Council appoints a Leader of the Council. The Leader appoints an additional number of Councillors to act as members of the Cabinet (not more than 10 in total including the Leader and a Deputy Leader). The Leader of the Council may appoint a Deputy Leader and may ask members of the Cabinet to take lead responsibility for specific services (usually referred to as Portfolio Holders). These are usually themed around the Council's main priorities.
- 3.5. The Cabinet is the part of the Council which is responsible for most day to day decisions. The Cabinet can make decisions that are in line with the Council's key policy framework and budget.
- 3.6. <u>The Leader of the Council may also appoint up to six Lead Members to provide</u> <u>advice and support to the relevant Cabinet members. Lead Members do not</u> <u>have any delegated powers to take individual decisions.</u>

Other Committees

- 3.7. Important decisions relating to planning and licensing matters are dealt with by separate Committees known collectively as Regulatory Committees. These are the Planning Committee and the Licensing Committee.
- 3.8. The Standards Committee deals with the conduct of Councillors and is responsible for ensuring the arrangements the Council has to deal with complaints against Councillors are effective and that the Council operates to high ethical standards. The Audit and Governance Committee has responsibility for oversight of the Council's corporate governance arrangements and financial affairs. There are a number of other Committees which perform

specific functions including some which operate jointly with other councils. The details are set out in the Articles in Part 2 of this Constitution.

Overview and Scrutiny

- 3.9. Councils operating a Leader and Cabinet model must make provision for at least one Overview and Scrutiny Committee. There is no single definition of Overview and Scrutiny. It is generally viewed as an umbrella term covering a wide range of possible roles. The Bournemouth, Christchurch and Poole Overview and Scrutiny function is based upon six principles:
 - 1. Contributes to sound decision making in a timely way by holding decision makers to account as a 'critical friend'
 - 2. A member led and owned function seeks to continuously improve through self-reflection and development
 - 3. Enables the voice and concerns of the public to be heard and reflected in the Council's decision-making process
 - 4. Engages in decision making and policy development at an appropriate time to be able to have influence
 - 5. Contributes to and reflects the vision and priorities of the council
 - 6. Agile able to respond to changing and emerging priorities at the right time with flexible working methods
- 3.10. The Overview and Scrutiny Committees are appointed by full Council.

4. How can I participate?

- 4.1. The Council encourages every resident to register on the Council's Register of Electors and to vote in every local <u>and</u>, national, or <u>European</u> election that is organised. Further information can be obtained from the Council's website.
- 4.2. Residents have the right to contact their local Ward Councillors for assistance or about matters of concern. Contact details can be found on the website.
- 4.3. Most Council, Cabinet and Committee meetings will be open to the public and members of the public are welcome to attend. Agendas and reports are available on the Council's website in advance, as is the Calendar of Meetings for each Municipal Year (May to May). If the public require these documents in another format, we will do our best to assist.
- 4.4. The Constitution gives residents and others certain rights and opportunities to participate in decision making and contribute to certain meetings. These will depend upon the nature of the meeting and the procedures for asking questions, submitting petitions and taking part in certain meetings are contained within this Constitution and set out on the Council's website.

- 4.5. Public engagement is a guiding principle of Overview and Scrutiny. The public can get involved in Overview and Scrutiny in a number of ways, for example by:
 - attending meetings of the Committees;
 - contributing evidence to an Overview and Scrutiny review;
 - suggesting topics to be considered for Overview and Scrutiny;

5. What if I am not happy?

- 5.1. The Council operates a corporate complaints system, details of which can be obtained from the website or by contacting the Council by telephone.
- 5.2. If you think that a Councillor has breached the Code of Conduct, then you may lodge a complaint and details of the procedure are set out on the website or can be obtained by contacting the Council by telephone.
- 5.3. The Local Government Ombudsman will investigate cases where the Council's own complaints mechanism has not provided an adequate resolution of issues.

6. More information

6.1. For more information regarding any of the matters in this introduction, please refer either to the relevant section of the Constitution, or to the Council's Monitoring Officer or Democratic Services team. Contact details are published on the Council's website, and can also be obtained by contacting the Council's Customer Services.